

# XL<sup>™</sup> 10000 Air Motor

334644B EN

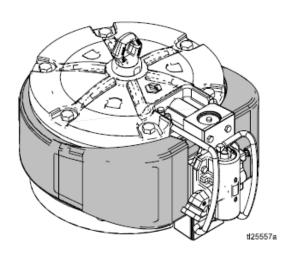
For use with high output reciprocating Graco pumps. For professional use only.



#### Important Safety Instructions

Read all warnings and instructions in this manual and in related manuals. Save all instructions.

Model No. 24X856 100 psi (0.7 MPa, 7 bar) Maximum Working Pressure



# Contents

Related Manuals 2
Warnings 3
Component Identification 6
General Information7
Application7
Reciprocating Signal Poppets
External Pilot Lines7
Manual Override Buttons7
Low Pressure Operation7
Performance 7
Minimum Icing 7
Bleed Air 7
Extended Capabilities7
Grounding 8
Motor Lubrication 8
Accessories 8
Bleed-type master air valve
Air Regulator
Air Filter

Run Motor Manually 9
Troubleshooting10
Ice In Air Motor11
Repair
Preventive Maintenance Schedule
Pressure Relief Procedure12
Repair Air Valve 13
Replace Pilot Valves16
Repair Air Motor16
Parts19
Air Valve Parts 21
Kits and Accessories 22
Dimensions
Mounting Hole Diagram 24
Technical Specifications25
Graco Standard Warranty26
Graco Information26

# **Related Manuals**

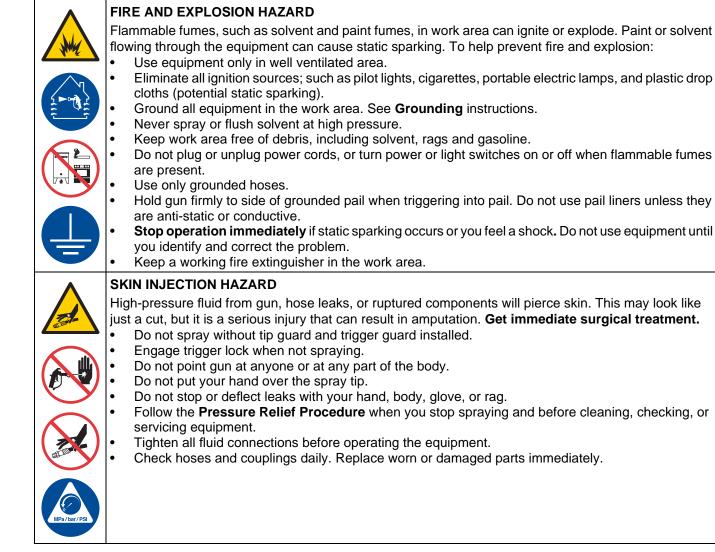
Manual	Description	
311762	Xtreme Lowers, Instructions-Parts	
311825	Dura-Flo <sup>™</sup> Lowers, Instructions-Parts	
334645	Xtreme XL Packages, Instructions-Parts	

# Warnings

The following warnings are for the setup, use, grounding, maintenance, and repair of this equipment. The exclamation point symbol alerts you to a general warning and the hazard symbols refer to procedure-specific risks. When these symbols appear in the body of this manual or on warning labels, refer back to these Warnings. Product-specific hazard symbols and warnings not covered in this section may appear throughout the body of this manual where applicable.

	<b>AWARNING</b>
I A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	<ul> <li>EQUIPMENT MISUSE HAZARD</li> <li>Misuse can cause death or serious injury.</li> <li>Do not operate the unit when fatigued or under the influence of drugs or alcohol.</li> <li>Do not exceed the maximum working pressure or temperature rating of the lowest rated system component. See Technical Data in all equipment manuals.</li> <li>Use fluids and solvents that are compatible with equipment wetted parts. See Technical Data in all equipment manuals. For complete information about your material, request MSDS from distributor or retailer.</li> <li>Do not leave the work area while equipment is energized or under pressure.</li> <li>Turn off all equipment and follow the Pressure Relief Procedure when equipment is not in use.</li> <li>Check equipment daily. Repair or replace worn or damaged parts immediately with genuine manufacturer's replacement parts only.</li> <li>Do not alter or modify equipment. Alterations or modifications may void agency approvals and create safety hazards.</li> <li>Make sure all equipment is rated and approved for the environment in which you are using it.</li> <li>Use equipment only for its intended purpose. Call your distributor for information.</li> <li>Route hoses and cables away from traffic areas, sharp edges, moving parts, and hot surfaces.</li> <li>Do not kink or over bend hoses or use hoses to pull equipment.</li> <li>Keep children and animals away from work area.</li> <li>Comply with all applicable safety regulations.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>MOVING PARTS HAZARD</li> <li>Moving parts can pinch, cut or amputate fingers and other body parts.</li> <li>Keep clear of moving parts.</li> <li>Do not operate equipment with protective guards or covers removed.</li> <li>Pressurized equipment can start without warning. Before checking, moving, or servicing equipment, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure and disconnect all power sources.</li> </ul>

# **WARNING**



# **WARNING**

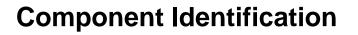


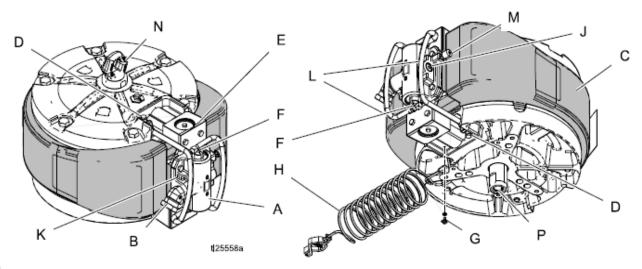
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#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Wear appropriate protective equipment when in the work area to help prevent serious injury, including eye injury, hearing loss, inhalation of toxic fumes, and burns. Protective equipment includes but is not limited to:

- Protective eyewear, and hearing protection.
- Respirators, protective clothing, and gloves as recommended by the fluid and solvent manufacturer.





#### FIG. 1

#### Key:

- A Directional Air Valve
- B Air inlet, 1 in npt (f)
- C Muffler
- D Pilot valve
- E Manifold
- F Manual Shuttle Override Button
- G Ground screw

- H Static ground cable
- J Plug for optional solenoid
- K Optional reed switch mount
- L External pilot lines
- M De-ice bleed air valve
- N Lift ring (800 lb, 363 kg) maximum
- P Pump drive rod

# **General Information**

The XL 10000 air motor is air piloted with two poppet valves operating a cup and plate main air shuttle valve. Air exhausts around the cylinder, through sound absorption materials, and out the rear bottom of the shroud.

## Application

This motor has 7% larger effective area, and is intended to directly replace, the Graco Premier® motor. The XL will acceptthesameM16x 2.0 threaded tie rods, the same connecting rods, and the same 3/8-16 mounting studs used with the Premier. The XL motor is physically smaller than the Premier, so it will fit anywhere the Premier is used. The 1 in. air inlet is at a low front position instead of up on the top so a different air hose may be required. There are also threaded cart/shelf type mounting holes in the base which match the ones used on the NXT® motors. The XL motor fits the standard heavy duty Xtreme cart so the larger Premier cart is no longer necessary.

## **Reciprocating Signal Poppets**

The poppets are identical to the ones used in the Graco Merkur® motors and many air-operated double diaphragm motors. Poppets are fully accessible and can easily be replaced.

## **External Pilot Lines**

The pilot lines (L) that run from the shuttle end ports to the exhaust poppets are run externally in hydraulic hose. This allows for cold weather operation without running the air through the aluminum manifold, which can sometimes get cold enough for airline moisture to freeze and block the signals.

## **Manual Override Buttons**

There are manual override buttons (F) on each end of the air valve that allows the internal main shuttle valve to be physically moved from one position to the other. Run the motor manually to:

- Move the valve off center due to ice or debris.
- Flush a pump if a poppet is plugged, stuck in the open position, or the signal is leaking.

See Run Motor Manually on page 9.

#### Low Pressure Operation

This motor will run at 4–5 psi (20.6–27.5 kPa, 0.21–0.27 bar)

### Performance

The air valve (A), manifold (E), and exhaust are larger than the Premier air handling parts in order to exhaust the 630 in3 of compressed air from the cylinder after a full stroke. This allows the fluid pressure to come back faster as the piston is driven from the other side. The near square pressure trace that this generates makes for a small change-over pulse, and full pressure output for running multiple guns.

## **Minimum Icing**

The oversizing of all the air handling parts described in the General Information section mean that normal air motor ice buildup has less effect on the pump output.

## **Bleed Air**

Use the de-ice bleed air valve (M) to run warm air through the valve and exhaust for de-icing. This is mainly helpful during warm weather, very high humidity applications, or low pressure high cycle rate applications.

## **Extended Capabilities**

The XL motor will accept DataTrak<sup>™</sup> counting, a runaway stop solenoid, and the top mount linear position transducer used with NXT motors.

# Grounding



The equipment must be grounded to reduce the risk of static sparking. Static sparking can cause fumes to ignite or explode. Grounding provides an escape wire for the electric current.

Verify that the ground screw (GS) is attached and tightened securely to the air motor. Connect the clamp (U) of

the static ground cable (H) to a true earth ground.

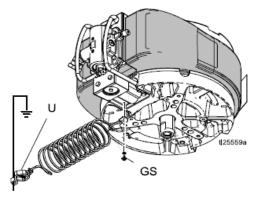


FIG. 2

## **Motor Lubrication**

Graco does not require lubrication beyond the grease installed at the factory or through regular maintenance. With good quality compressed air and normal ambient conditions, air motors will run millions of cycles without additional lubrication.

However, if any of the following criteria apply to your system, you will benefit from installing an air line lubricator in the air line before the air motor, or from occasionally adding oil to an air filter cup.

- Air supply does not contain any oil.
- Air supply is very wet.
- Air supply is very dry.
- Air motor is run at low air pressure.
- Air motor is run in unusually hot or cold environments.

## Accessories

#### Bleed-type master air valve



Trapped air can cause the pump to cycle unexpectedly, which could result in serious injury from splashing or moving parts.

- Required in your system to relieve air trapped between it and the air motor when the valve is closed.
- Be sure the valve is easily accessible from the pump and located downstream from the air regulator.

## Air Regulator

Required in your system to adjust the air pressure to the motor and fluid outlet pressure of pump. Locate it close to the motor. Install a gauge to read air pressure.

## Air Filter

Required in your system to remove harmful dirt and moisture from compressed air supply. The minimum recommended air filtration is 40 micron.

#### Air Lubrication

237212 1" npt (f) accessory lubricator with a 16 oz. bowl. See form 308169.

244841 Kit. Modular Lubricator. Use with XL Graco spray packages with modular air controls. See form 3A0293.

# **Run Motor Manually**

Use the manual override buttons (F) on each end of the air valve to physically move the internal main shuttle valve from one position to the other. Run the motor manually to:

- Move the valve off center due to ice or debris.
- Flush a pump if a poppet is plugged, stuck in the open position, or the signal is leaking
- Lower the air pressure to approximately 30–40 psi (2.1 kPa, 210 bar – 280 kPa, 2.8 bar) to manually operation the buttons.
- 2. If a poppet is plugged:
  - a. Press the button on the end where the motor stopped. This will cause the motor to run another cycle.
  - b. Press the button again to finish flushing.
- 3. If a poppet is stuck in the open position or the signal is leaking:
  - a. Press the button on the opposite end from where the motor stopped and hold it in. This will cause the motor to stroke to the other end.
  - b. Release the button to allow the motor to stroke back.

**NOTE:** For poppet issues, the motor can also be manually operated by disconnecting the pilot hose and controlling the pilot signal exhaust with your finger.

# Troubleshooting



Problem	Cause	Solution
Air motor will not run and there is no	Check air supply	Supply air to motor inlet.
obvious exhaust	Pump is locked up.	Disconnect or remove pump to verify motor operation.
	Ice broke loose in manifold and caught in air valve.	Turn off and exhaust air. Push top and bottom valve shift buttons (118) back and forth until flush with base of valve cap (107). Restart motor.
Air motor doesn't run and large vol- ume of air blows through exhaust outlet on either stroke.	Main piston o-ring (10) has failed or main valve. See below.	Replace piston o-ring (10) See page 10.
Air exhausts from rear outlet continu- ously when motor is stalled against fluid valve on one stroke or the other.	Shuttle valve cup (112) and plate (105) failure.	Replace shuttle valve cup (112) and plate (105).
Motor stalled at bottom of stroke with no exhaust at bottom pilot. No exhaust at top pilot.	Bottom pilot (15) is not exhausting. Usually ice in the pilot or pilot exhaust port.	Disconnect pilot line (55) for that pilot. If motor changes over, bottom pilot is plugged. Replace pilot valve(55) and/or thaw ice that is blocking air signal.
	Metered air hole in main valve shuttle piston (102) is plugged.	Disconnect pilot line (55). If motor still doesn't change over, shuttle piston metering hole is plugged. Clean or replace shuttle valve piston assembly (102).
Motor stalled at bottom of stroke with exhaust at bottom pilot. Some exhaust at top pilot.	Top pilot or fittings are leaking air when not activated by motor piston.	Tighten fittings leak or replace top pilot valve (15).
Motor stalled at top of stroke with no exhaust at top pilot. No exhaust at top pilot.	Top pilot (15) is not exhausting. Usu- ally ice in the pilot or pilot exhaust port.	Disconnect pilot line (55) for that pilot. If motor changes over, top pilot is plugged. Replace pilot valve(55) and/or thaw ice that is blocking air signal.
	Metered air hole in main valve shuttle piston (102) is plugged.	Disconnect pilot line (55). If motor still doesn't change over, shuttle piston metering hole is plugged. Clean or replace shuttle valve piston assembly (102)
Motor stalled at top of stroke with exhaust at top pilot. Some exhaust at bottom pilot.	Bottom pilot or fittings are leaking air when not activated by motor piston.	Tighten fittings leak or replace bot- tom pilot valve (15).
Air motor "bounces" at top change over.	Leaking bottom pilot valve or fitting.	Thaw any ice in pilot valve, or replace valve (15) if it is not ice.
Air motor "bounces" at bottom change over.	Leaking top pilot valve or fitting.	Thaw any ice in pilot valve, or replace valve (15) if it is not ice.

Problem	Cause	Solution
Air motor pauses at top change over.	Top pilot valve exhaust restricted by dirt or ice.	Swap pilot valve or clear exhaust port.
Air motor pauses at bottom change over.	Bottom pilot valve exhaust restricted by dirt or ice.	Swap pilot valve or clear exhaust port.
Motor runs slower and pump looses fluid pressure on one stroke only.	Ice has collected in air manifold pas- sages, or valve.	Thaw or remove ice. Lower moisture content of compressed air. Reduce load on motor. See below.
Motor runs slower and pump looses fluid pressure on both strokes equally.	Ice has collected where exhaust expands from the shuttle valve plate manifold (5) into the muffler (12)	Open the bleed air valve (119) on the main shuttle valve. This will bleed some warm air through anytime air is supplied to the motor.

#### Ice In Air Motor

When compressed air is exhausted, the sudden drop in pressure causes the air temperature to drop below the freezing point. This causes any water liquid or vapor to turn to ice.

Higher air pressures pack high amounts of air and water vapor in each cycle and create more expansion and ice. Higher cycle rates also build up the ice and lower the motor temperature faster. It is important to select the correct motor and pump size to run at a lower pressure, and cycle slower.

Warm humid climates can produce high levels of icing because of the higher humidity levels. Low ambient temperatures near freezing make it easier for the motor parts to drop below freezing. To minimize ice build-up:

- Lower the dew point of the compressed air. Use a refrigerated air dyer, coalescing filter, or desiccant filter to lower the water vapor content of the air.
- Raise the compressed air temperature. Warmer air going in helps the motor parts stay above freezing. Compressed air, especially at these volumes, is warm when compressed. Keep the air warm or stay near the compressor to reduce icing.
- Use the bleed air to clear ice build up.

# Repair

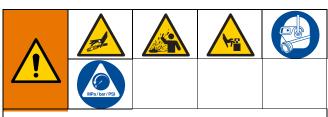
### Preventive Maintenance Schedule

The operating conditions of your system determine how often maintenance is required. Establish a preventative maintenance schedule by recording when and what kind of maintenance is needed, and then determine a regular schedule for checking your system.

## **Pressure Relief Procedure**



Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure whenever you see this symbol

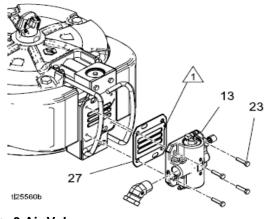


This equipment stays pressurized until pressure is manually relieved. To help prevent serious injury from pressurized fluid, such as skin injection, splashing fluid and moving parts, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure when you stop spraying and before cleaning, checking, or servicing equipment.

- 1. Engage trigger lock.
- 2. Close the bleed-type master air valve.
- 3. Disengage the trigger lock.
- 4. Hold a metal part of the gun firmly to a grounded metal pail. Trigger the gun to relieve pressure.
- 5. Engage the trigger lock.
- 6. Open all fluid drain valves in the system, having a waste container ready to catch drainage. Leave drain valve(s) open until you are ready to spray again.
- 7. If you suspect the spray tip or hose is clogged or that pressure has not been fully relieved:
  - a. **VERY SLOWLY** loosen tip guard retaining nut or hose end coupling to relieve pressure gradually.
  - b. Loosen nut or coupling completely.
  - c. Clear hose or tip obstruction.

#### **Repair Air Valve**

#### **Replace Complete Air Valve**





- 1. Stop the pump at the middle of its stroke. Follow **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 12.
- 2. Disconnect the air line to the motor and the pilot valve lines to the air valve (13).
- 3. If installed on air motor, remove reed switch kit and solenoid from air valve (13).
- 4. Remove screws (23). Remove the air valve (13) and gasket (27).
- 5. To repair the air valve, go to **Disassemble the Air Valve**, page 13, step 1. To install a replacement air valve, continue with step 6.
- 6. Align the new air valve gasket (27) on the manifold, then attach the air valve (13).

**NOTE:** Use grease to hold the gasket (27) in place. Be sure the bleed air hole in the gasket aligns with the bleed port in the valve manifold.

- 7. Reattach the solenoid bracket and the solenoid.
- 8. Use screw to attach the reed switch assembly to the new air valve. Be sure the sensor cables are connected properly (see pump or package manual).
- 9. Reconnect the air line and pilot valve lines to the motor.

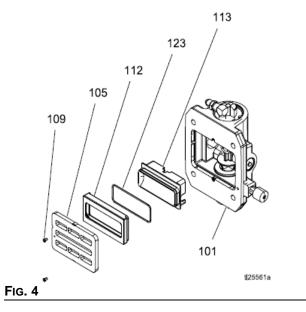
#### **Replace Seals or Rebuild Air Valve**

See **Kits and Accessories**, page 22, to order kits for your pump.

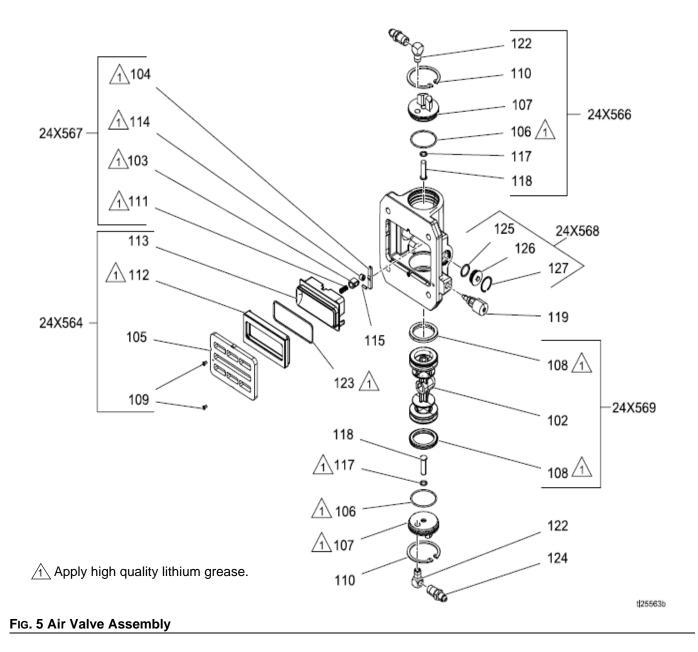
#### **Disassemble the Air Valve**

- Perform steps 1–5 from Replace Complete Air Valve, page 13.
- 2. Use a 2mm or 5/64 hex key to remove two screws (109). Remove the valve plate (105).
- 3. Remove the two-piece cup assembly (112, 113,

123), and spring (111).

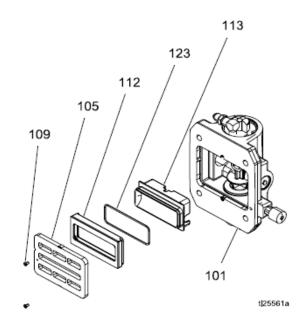


- 4. Remove the snap ring (110) from each end. Use the piston (102) to push the end caps (107, 117) out of the ends. Remove end cap o-rings (106, 117).
- 5. Slide out the piston (102). Remove the u-cup seals (108) from each end and the detent assembly (103) and detent cam (104) from the center.



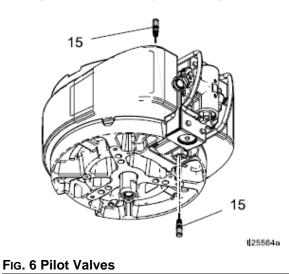
#### **Reassemble the Air Valve**

- 1. Lubricate detent cam (104) and install into housing.
- 2. The piston (102) and u-cup seals (108) come pre-assembled. Lubricate the u-cup seals (108) on both ends of the piston (102) and install it in the housing.
- 3. Lubricate and install the detent assembly (103) into the piston, with the beveled center toward the detent cam.
- Lubricate and install new o-ring (106) on bottom end cap (107). Lubricate and install new o-ring (119) and runaway reset button (118) on top end cap (117). Install the end caps (107, 117) into the housing.
- 5. Install a snap ring (110) on each end to hold end caps in place.
- 6. Install the spring (111).
- Lubricate and install the cup o-ring (123) on the cup body (113), then assemble the cup body to the cup base (112c). Lubricate and install the cup assembly. Align the small round magnet with the air inlet.
- 8. Install the valve plate (105). Lightly tighten the screws (109) to hold it in place.



## **Replace Pilot Valves**

- 1. Stop the pump at the middle of its stroke. Relieve the pressure. See **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 12.
- 2. Disconnect the air line to the motor.
- 3. Use a 10 mm socket wrench to remove the old pilot valves (15) from the top and bottom covers.
- Lubricate and install the new pilot valves (15). Torque to 95-105 in-lb (11-12 N•m).



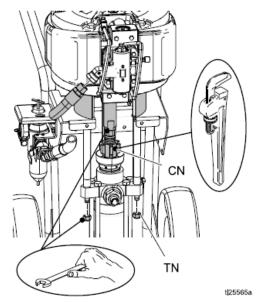
#### **Repair Air Motor**

Air Motor Seal Kits are available. See **Kits and Accessories**, page 22 for the correct kit for your motor. Parts included in the kit are marked with an asterisk (\*). For best results, use all the parts in the kit.

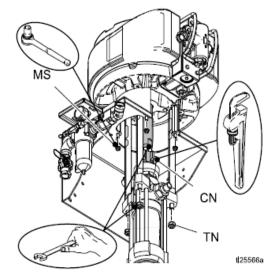
#### **Disconnect the Air Motor**

- 1. Flush the pump, if possible (see package manual). Follow **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 12.
- 2. Disconnect the air and fluid hoses and the ground wire.

3. Hold the flats of the air motor piston rod with a wrench. Use another wrench to loosen the coupling nut (CN). Collect the coupling collars and set aside.



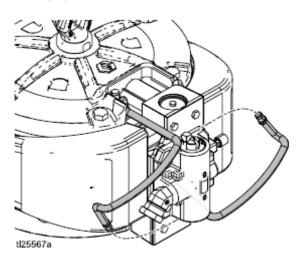
- 4. Hold the tie rods and remove the tie rod nuts (TN).
- 5. Use a socket to remove the mounting screws (MS).



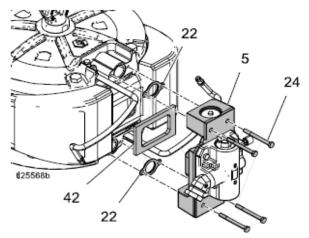
6. Lift up on the air motor to remove it. The tie rods will remain attached.

#### **Disassemble the Air Motor**

1. Disconnect pilot valve air lines (55) from the air valve (13).



 Remove four screws (24) and remove the manifold (5) and two gaskets (22). Inspect foam (42) for damage.



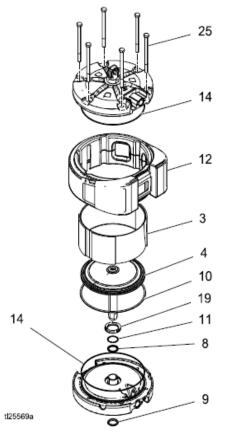
- 3. Use a 15/16 in or 24 mm socket wrench to remove the tie bolts (25).
- 4. Remove the top cover. Remove the o-ring (14\*).

**NOTE:** To break the cover loose, place a pipe or a long wrench handle through the lift ring (17) and hit the pipe.

- 5. Remove the muffler (12) from around the cylinder. Remove the cylinder (3).
- 6. Slide the piston assembly (4) straight up off the bottom cover (1).

**NOTE:** The piston and rod are epoxied together and only available as an assembly (4). Do not attempt to take apart the piston and rod assembly (4).

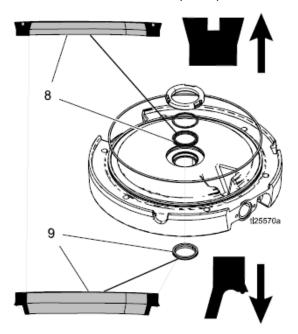
- 7. Remove the o-ring (10\*) from around the piston (4).
- 8. Use a flat head screw driver to remove the retaining ring (11) from the bottom cover (1).
- 9. Remove the u-cup seals (8\*, 9\*), and o-ring (14\*) from the bottom cover (1).



#### **Reassemble the Air Motor**

**NOTE:** The bearing (7) is pressed in the bottom cover (1) and is only available with Bottom End Cap Repair kit 24X559.

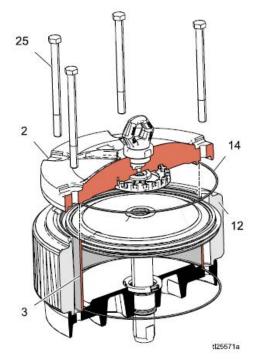
- 1. Lubricate and install the o-ring (14\*) on the bottom cover (1).
- 2. Lubricate and install new u-cup seal with flange (9\*), with the lips facing up, in the bottom cover (1) from the bottom. The seal will snap into place.



#### Fig. 7 U-cups

- 3. Lubricate and install the new u-cup seal (8) over the top of the bearing with the lips facing up. Install retaining clip (11). Snap in the new bumper (19).
- 4. Lubricate the inside of the cylinder (3). Lower the cylinder (3) onto the bottom cover (1).
- 5. Lubricate and install the o-ring (10\*) around the piston (4). It will fit loose.
- Slide the piston assembly (4) down into the cylinder (3). Be sure the o-ring (10\*) stays in place. Work it carefully into the groove.

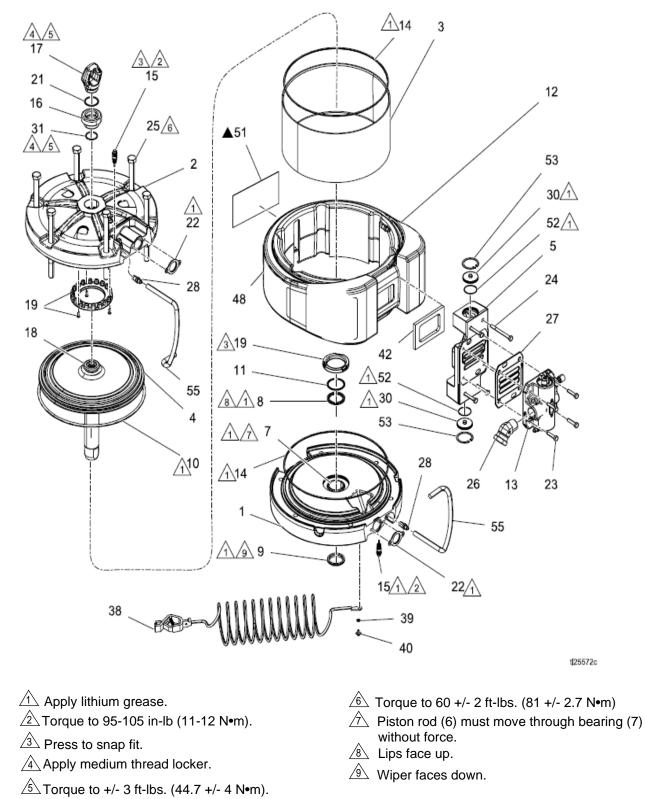
- Install the muffler (12) around the cylinder (3) and in the groove on the bottom cover(1). Be sure the front opening is lined up with the flat on the bottom cover (1).
- 8. Lubricate and install the o-ring (14\*) on the top cover (2).
- 9. Carefully place the top cover (2) on the cylinder (3) and muffler (12). The flat vertical manifold surfaces of the top and bottom covers must align. Be sure the muffler (12) is in the groove on both the top and bottom covers.



- 10. Install the tie bolts (25) hand tight.
- 11. Tighten the tie bolts (25) halfway. Work in a crisscross pattern. Then torque to 60 ft-lb (81 N•m).
- Install two gaskets (22) on the top and bottom caps with grease. Install the manifold (5). Torque bolts to 95-105 in-lb (10.7-11.9 N•m).
- 13. Reconnect the pilot valve air lines (55) to the air valve (13).

## Parts

Part No. 24X856

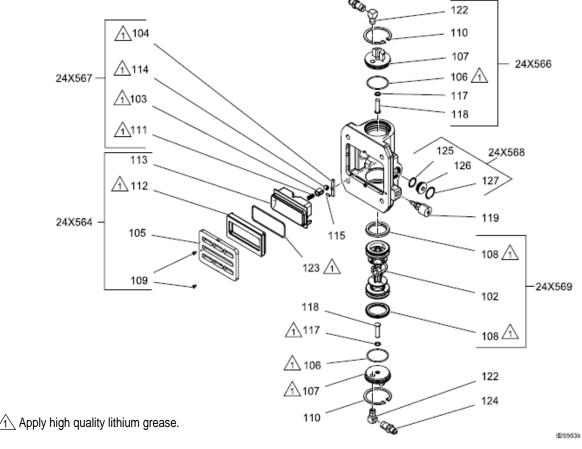


Ref	Part	Description	Qty	Ref	Part	Description	Qty
1★	24X559	COVER, bottom	1	19★	24A915	KIT, bumper, top and bottom	1
2	24W584	COVER, top	1			(with screws)	
3★	24X561	KIT, cylinder	1	21	108014	PACKING, o-ring	1
4★	24X557	KIT, piston, motor	1	22★		GASKET, end cap	2
5	16Y968	MANIFOLD, exhaust, XL	1	23	110036	BOLT, M8 x 1.25 x 45 mm	4
7★		BEARING, sleeve, 1.750 ID,	1	24	17B389	SCREW, M8 x 1.25 x 85 mm	4
		2.000 OD		25	127582	SCREW, 5/8–11 x 8.5 in	6
8★		PACKING, u-cup, 1.750 ID, 2.125 OD	1	26		FITTING, swivel, 45°, 1npt x 1 npsm	1
9★		SEAL, rod, wiper, 1.75" rod	1	27	24X565	GASKET, valve, 2 pack	1
10★		O-RING, piston	1	28	555749	FITTING, adapter, 1/8 npt(m)	2
11★		RING, retaining	1			x JIC (#4); 1/2 hex	
12	24X560	COVER, muffler, complete	1	30		CAP, manifold, air, XL	2
13	24X562	VALVE, air, XL; see <b>Air</b>	1	31	C20987	PACKING, o-ring	1
		Valve Parts, page 21		38	244524		1
14	109486	PACKING, o-ring	2	<b></b>		(includes 38a)	
15	24A366	VALVE, pilot (includes 15a-15c)	2	-38a <b>▲</b>	290079	TAG, warning, grounding (not shown)	1
-15a	155685	PACKING, o-ring, middle	1	39	111307	WASHER, lock, external	1
-15b★		PACKING, u-cup, shaft	1	40	116343	SCREW, ground	1
-15c	154741	PACKING, o-ring, bottom	1	42	17C776	GASKET, muffler	1
-15d	197650	O-RING, buna, top	1	51▲	15F674	LABEL, safety, motor	1
16		ADAPTER, lift ring	1	52	104010	PACKING, o-ring	2
17	15F931	RING, lift, sst 1 9/16 thrd	1	53	557832	RING, retainer -187basic int	2
18	NXT106	BUMPER, piston (with magnet)	1	55	128090	HOSE, coupled	2

▲ Replacement Warning labels, signs, tags, and cards are available at no cost.

★ See Kits and Accessories, page 22.

#### **Air Valve Parts**



<u>/1</u> \	Apply	high	quality	lithium	grease.

Ref	Part	Description	Qty
101		HOUSING, valve, air, XL	1
102★		PISTON, valve, air, XL	1
103 <b>★</b>		PISTON, detent, small	1
104★		CAM, detent, XL	1
105★		PLATE, valve, air, xl,	1
		lapped	
106★	104010	PACKING, o-ring	2
107★		CAP, valve, air, XL	2
108★		PACKING, u-cup	2
109 <del>★</del>		SCREW, m3, thread form-	2
		ing	
110★	557832	RING, retainer -187basic	2
		int	
111★		SPRING, detent	1
112 <del>★</del>		BASE, cup, valve, air, xl,	1
		lapped	

★ See Kits and Accessories, page 22.

Ref	Part	Description	041
Rei	Fall	Description	Qty
113★		CUP, valve, air, xl, zinc	1
114★		ROLLER, detent, small	1
115★		PIN, detent, small	1
117★	154741	PACKING, o-ring	2
118 <del>★</del>		BUTTON, reset	2
119	16Y668	NEEDLE, valve, assembly	1
122	15K783	FITTING, elow, street,	2
		1/8-27 npt	
123 <del>★</del>	295640	O-RING	1
124	555749	CONNECTOR, #4 JIC 1/8	2
125★	104130	PACKING, o-ring	1
126 <del>★</del>		PLUG, valve	1
127★		RING, retaining	1

## **Kits and Accessories**

Table 1 XL Air Motor Repair Kits

		Air Motor Parts
Part No.	Description	Ref.
NXT103	Lift Ring	(17)
24X557	Piston/Rod Assem-	
	bly Repair Kit	
15G478	Bumper	(18)
	Piston	(4)
	Shaft, Piston, Rod	
24X558	Air Motor Soft Parts	
	Repair Kit	
	O-ring, Cylinder (2)	(14)
155685	Packing, O-ring, mid-	(15a)
	dle	
	Packing, U-cup, shaft	(15b)
154741	Packing, O-ring, bot-	(15c)
	tom	
197650	O-ring, Buna, top	(15d)
	O-ring, piston	(10)
	Packing, U-cup	(8)
	Seal, Rod	(9)
	Ring, Retaining	(11)
	Gasket, End Cap (2)	(22)
	Gasket, Muffler	(42)

		Air Motor Parts
Part No.	Description	Ref.
24X559	Bottom End Cap	
	Repair Kit	
	Bumper	(19)
	Bearing, Sleeve	(7)
	Packing, U-cup	(8)
	Seal, Rod	(9)
	Ring, Retaining	(11)
	Cover, Bottom	(1)
24X560	Muffler Repair Kit	
15F674	Label, warning	(51)
	Cover, Muffler	(12)
	Gasket, Muffler	(42)
24X561	Cylinder Repair Kit	
	O-ring	(14)
	Foam, Dampers	(46)
	Cylinder, Motor	(3)
24A915	Bumper Kit	
	Bumper, bottom	(19)
	Bumper, top	(20)
	Screw, top (3)	(29)

Part No.	Description	Air Motor Parts Ref.
24X562	Repair, Complete Valve Assembly	
	Valve, Air, XL	(13)
24X565	Kit, gasket, valve (2 pack)	(27)
24X563	Repair. Valve O-rings	
104010	O-ring (2)	(106)
154741	O-ring (2)	(117)
295640	O-ring (1)	(123)
104130	O-ring (1)	(125)
24X564	Repair, Base/Cup Assembly	
	Base	(112)
	Cup	(113)
295640	O-ring	(123)
	Plate, valve	(105)
	Screw, M3 (2)	(109)
24X565	Valve to Manifold Gasket (2 Pack)	(27)
24X566	Cap with Push But- ton assembly	
104010	Packing, O-ring	(106)
	Cap, Valve	(107)
557832	Ring, Retaining	(110)
154741	Packing, O-ring	(117)
	Button, Reset	(118)
15K783	Fitting, Elbow, Street, 1/8	(122)
555749	Connector, #4 JIC	(124)

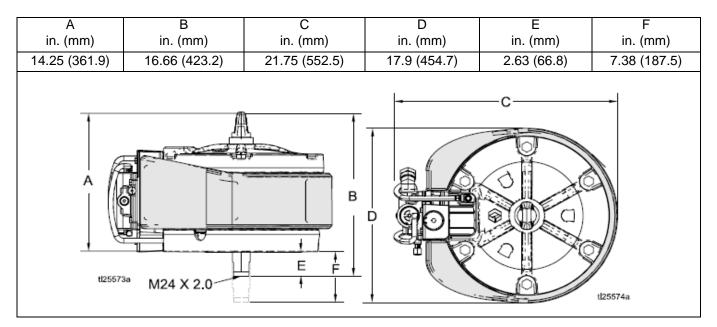
Table 2 XL Ai	ir Motor	Repair	Kits
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		Air Motor Parts
Part No.	Description	Ref.
24X567	Roller Assembly	
	Piston, Detent	(103)
	Cam, Detent	(104)
	Spring, Detent	(111)
	Roller, Detent	(114)
	Pin, Detent	(115)
24X568	DataTrak Plug	
	Assembly	
104130	Packing, O-ring	(125)
	Plug, Valve	(126)
	Ring, Retaining	(127)
24X569	Valve Piston w/Seals	
	Repair Kit	
	Piston, Valve	(102)
	Packing U-Cup	(108)
16Y668	Needle Valve	(119)

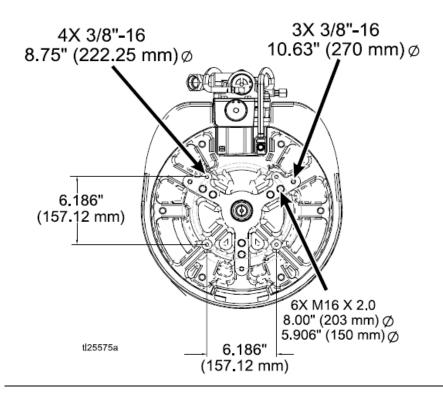
Table 3 Accessories

Part No.	Description
256893	Linear Sensor, potted, XM
287839	Linear Sesnor, HLS motors
24X550	Kit, Reed Switch and Solenoid,
	DataTrak, XL bracket
24X552	Kit, Reed Switch, DataTrak, XL
	bracket

# **Dimensions**



### **Mounting Hole Diagram**



# **Technical Specifications**

	US	Metric
Maximum Air Inlet Pressure	100 psi	0.7 MPa, 7 bai
Stroke Length (Nominal)	4.8 in.	122 mm
Motor Effective Area	132.7 in. <sup>2</sup>	856 cm <sup>2</sup>
Motor Cylinder Inside Diameter	13 in.	330 mm
Minimum Filtiation Size	0.0016 in.	40 micron
Weight	104 lbs	47.2 kg
Air Inlet Size	1 in. npt (f)	
Maximum Motor Speed (Do not exceed maxi- mum recommended speed of fluid pump, to prevent premature pump wear.)	60 cpm	
Sound Data		
Sound Power Measured at 70 psi (0.48 MPa, 4.8 bar), 20 cpm, per ISO-9614-2.	96 dBA	
Sound Pressure Tested 3.28 ft (1 m) from equipment.	86.8 dBA	

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